

Reduced density matrix optimization using the boundary point

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FANTOM Study Week on Dark Matter, 6-10 June 2011

Abstract

The variational determination of the density matrix is a technique to determine the ground-state properties of a many-body system without using the wave function. The energy is minimized as a function of the second-order density matrix Γ , on the condition that it remains N-representable, i.e.

$$\Gamma_{\alpha\beta;\gamma\delta} = \langle \Psi | a_{\alpha}^{\dagger} a_{\beta}^{\dagger} a_{\delta} a_{\gamma} | \Psi \rangle$$

There are several necessary conditions known which can be expressed as linear matrixfunctions of Γ that have to remain positive semidefinite. Using these conditions the optimization can be formulated as a so called semidefinite program. There are several techniques available to solve a semidefinite program. The boundary point method is the newest technique. For large problems, it's a lot faster than other methods.